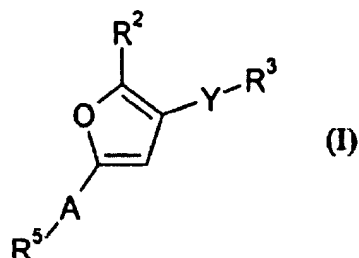


**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:**

Amend the claims as follows:

Claims 1-17. (Canceled)

18. (Currently Amended) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of  
of  
formula (I) :



or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, together with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent, wherein:

R<sup>2</sup> is H or an optionally substituted C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl group; Y is either -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>-X-, where n is 1 or 2 and X is O, S, S (=O), or S (=O)<sub>2</sub>, or NR<sup>N1</sup>, where R<sup>N1</sup> is selected from H or optionally substituted C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, or Y is C (=O) NR<sup>N2</sup>, where R<sup>N2</sup> is selected from H and optionally substituted C<sub>1-7</sub> alkyl or C<sub>6-20</sub> aryl;

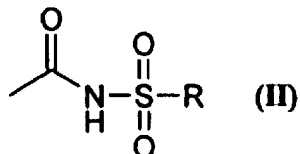
R<sup>3</sup> is an optionally substituted C<sub>6</sub> aryl group linked to a further optionally substituted C<sub>6</sub> aryl group, wherein if both C<sub>6</sub> aryl groups are benzene rings, there may be an oxygen bridge between the two rings, bound adjacent the link on both rings;

A is a single bond or a C<sub>1-3</sub> alkylene group; and

R<sup>5</sup> is either:

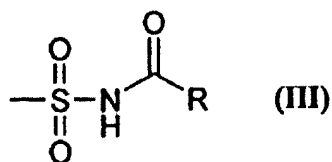
(i) carboxy;

(ii) a group of formula (II) :



; or

(iii) a group of formula (III) :

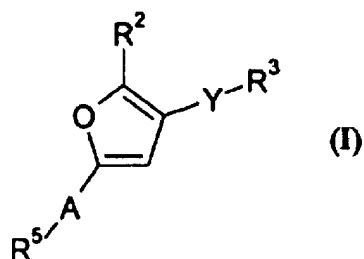


wherein R is optionally substituted C<sub>1-7</sub> alkyl, C<sub>5-20</sub> aryl or NR<sup>N3</sup>R<sup>N4</sup>, where R<sup>N3</sup> and R<sup>N4</sup> are independently selected from

optionally substituted C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl;

(iv) tetrazol-5-yl

19. (Currently Amended) A compound of formula (I) :



or a salt, solvate ~~[[and]]~~ or chemically protected form thereof,

wherein:

R<sup>2</sup> is H or an optionally substituted C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl group;

Y is either -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>-X-, where n is 1 or 2 and X is O, S, S (=O), or S(=O)<sub>2</sub>, ~~or~~ NR<sup>N1</sup>,  
~~where R<sup>N1</sup> is selected from H or optionally substituted C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, or Y is C(=O)NR<sup>N2</sup>,~~  
~~where R<sup>N2</sup> is selected from H and optionally substituted C<sub>1-7</sub> alkyl or C<sub>6-20</sub> aryl;~~

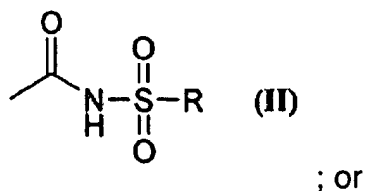
R<sup>3</sup> is an optionally substituted C<sub>6</sub> aryl group linked to a further optionally substituted C<sub>6</sub> aryl group, wherein if both C<sub>6</sub> aryl groups are benzene rings, there may be an oxygen bridge between the two rings, bound adjacent the link on both rings;

A is a single bond or a C<sub>1-3</sub> alkylene group; and

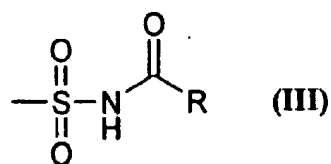
R<sup>5</sup> is either:

(i) carboxy;

(ii) a group of formula (II):



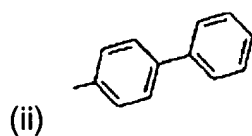
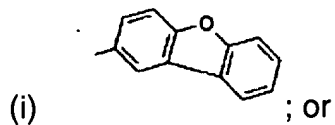
(iii) a group of formula (III) :



wherein R is optionally substituted C<sub>1-7</sub> alkyl, C<sub>5-20</sub> aryl or NR<sup>N3</sup>R<sup>N4</sup>, where R<sup>N3</sup> and R<sup>N4</sup> are independently selected from optionally substituted C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl;

(iv) tetrazol-5-yl,

except that when R<sup>2</sup> is methyl, Y is -CH<sub>2</sub>-O- and R<sup>5</sup> is carboxy or C<sub>1-7</sub> alkyl ester thereof, then R<sup>3</sup> is not::



20. (Original) The compound according to claim 19, wherein R<sup>2</sup> is selected from H, methyl, CF<sub>3</sub> or iso-propyl.

21. (Original) The compound according to claim 20, wherein R<sup>2</sup> is methyl.

22. (Original) The compound according to claim 19, wherein Y is  $-(CH_2)_n-X-$ .

23. (Original) The compound according to claim 22, wherein n is 1.

24. (Currently Amended) The compound according to claim 23, wherein X is selected from O[[,]] and S[[ and NH]].

Claims 25-27. (Canceled)

28. (Original) The compound according to claim 19, wherein the  $C_6$  aryl groups of  $R^3$  are independently selected from those derived from benzene and heteroaryl groups, where the heteroatom or heteroatoms are nitrogen.

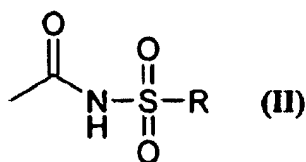
29. (Original) The compound according to claim 28, wherein the  $C_6$  aryl groups of  $R^3$  are independently selected from those derived from benzene, pyridine and 1,3-pyrimidine.

30. (Original) The compound according to claim 19, wherein A is a single bond.

31. (Original) The compound according to claim 19, wherein A is a  $C_{1-3}$  alkylene group.

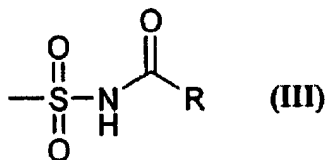
32. (Original) The compound according to claim 19, wherein  $R^5$  is either:

(i) a group of formula (II) :



; or

(ii) a group of formula (III) :



33. (Original) The compound according to claim 32, wherein R is selected from an optionally substituted C<sub>5-20</sub> aryl group, and an optionally substituted C<sub>5-20</sub> aryl C<sub>1-7</sub> alkyl group.

34. (new) A method of treating a primary headache disorder by antagonism of an EP4 receptor, which method comprises administering to a patient in need of said treating a pharmaceutical composition of claim 18.

35. (new) A method of treating a primary headache disorder by antagonism of an EP4 receptor, which method comprises administering to a patient in need of said treating a compound of claim 19.

36. (new) A method of treating a primary headache disorder by antagonism of an EP4 receptor, which method comprises administering to a patient in need of said treating a compound of claim 20.

37. (new) A method of treating a primary headache disorder by antagonism of an EP4 receptor, which method comprises administering to a patient in need of said treating a compound of claim 21.

38. (new) A method of treating a primary headache disorder by antagonism of an EP4 receptor, which method comprises administering to a patient in need of said treating a compound of claim 22.

39. (new) A method of treating a primary headache disorder by antagonism of an EP4 receptor, which method comprises administering to a patient in need of said treating a compound of claim 23.

40. (new) A method of treating a primary headache disorder by antagonism of an EP4 receptor, which method comprises administering to a patient in need of said treating a compound of claim 24.

41. (new) A method of treating a primary headache disorder by antagonism of an EP4 receptor, which method comprises administering to a patient in need of said treating a compound of claim 28.

42. (new) A method of treating a primary headache disorder by antagonism of an EP4 receptor, which method comprises administering to a patient in need of said treating a compound of claim 29.

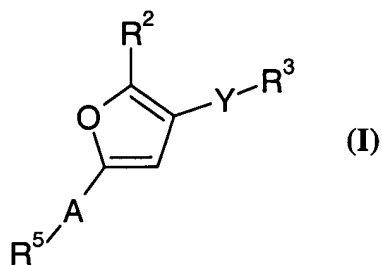
43. (new) A method of treating a primary headache disorder by antagonism of an EP4 receptor, which method comprises administering to a patient in need of said treating a compound of claim 30.

44. (new) A method of treating a primary headache disorder by antagonism of an EP4 receptor, which method comprises administering to a patient in need of said treating a compound of claim 31.

45. (new) A method of treating a primary headache disorder by antagonism of an EP4 receptor, which method comprises administering to a patient in need of said treating a compound of claim 32.

46. (new) A method of treating a primary headache disorder by antagonism of an EP4 receptor, which method comprises administering to a patient in need of said treating a compound of claim 33.

47. (new) A compound of formula (I):



or a salt, solvate and chemically protected form thereof, wherein:

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from H, methyl, CF<sub>3</sub> or iso-propyl;

Y is -CH<sub>2</sub>-X- and X is O or S;

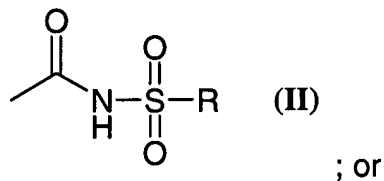
R<sup>3</sup> is an optionally substituted C<sub>6</sub> aryl group linked to a further optionally substituted C<sub>6</sub> aryl group and wherein the said C<sub>6</sub> aryl groups are independently selected from those derived from benzene and heteroaryl groups, where the heteroatom or heteroatoms are nitrogen and wherein if both C<sub>6</sub> aryl groups are benzene rings, there may be an oxygen bridge between the two rings, bound adjacent the link on both rings;

A is a single bond or a C<sub>1-3</sub> alkylene group; and

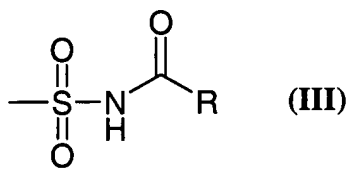


R<sup>5</sup> is either:

- (i) carboxy;
- (ii) a group of formula (II):



- (iii) a group of formula (III):

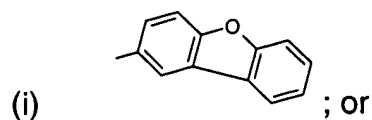


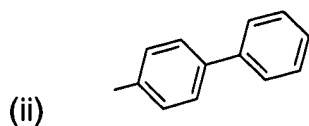
wherein R is optionally substituted C<sub>1-7</sub> alkyl, C<sub>5-20</sub> aryl or NR<sup>N3</sup>R<sup>N4</sup>, where R<sup>N3</sup> and R<sup>N4</sup> are independently selected from optionally substituted C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl;

- (iv) tetrazol-5-yl,

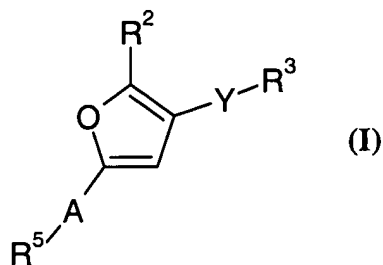
Wherein the substitution on the C<sub>6</sub> aryls of R<sup>3</sup> is selected from the group consisting of -CH<sub>3</sub>, -CF<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>OH, -OMe, -OCF<sub>3</sub>, -OEt, -OCHF<sub>2</sub>, -SMe, -NMe<sub>2</sub>, F, Cl, -CN, -O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O- and -C(=O)Me

except that when R<sup>2</sup> is methyl, Y is -CH<sub>2</sub>-O- and R<sup>5</sup> is carboxy or C<sub>1-7</sub> alkyl ester thereof, then R<sup>3</sup> is not:





48. (new) A compound of formula (I):



or a salt, solvate and chemically protected form thereof, wherein:

$R^2$  is methyl

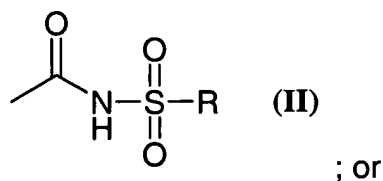
Y is  $-(CH)_n-X-$  wherein n is 1 or 2 and X is O or S;

$R^3$  is an optionally substituted  $C_6$  aryl group linked to a further optionally substituted  $C_6$  aryl group and wherein the said  $C_6$  aryl groups are independently selected from those derived from benzene pyridine and 1,3-pyrimidine and wherein if both  $C_6$  aryl groups are benzene rings, there may be an oxygen bridge between the two rings, bound adjacent the link on both rings;

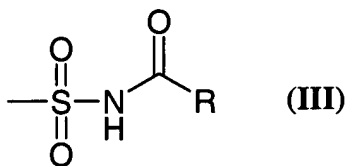
A is a single bond or a  $C_{1-3}$  alkylene group; and

$R^5$  is either:

(i) a group of formula (II):



(ii) a group of formula (III):

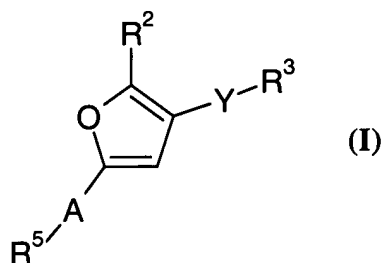


wherein R is optionally substituted C<sub>5-20</sub> aryl group or an optionally substituted C<sub>5-20</sub> aryl-C<sub>1-7</sub> alkyl group

Wherein the substitution on the C<sub>6</sub> aryls of R<sup>3</sup> is selected from the group consisting of -CH<sub>3</sub>, -CF<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>OH, -OMe, -OCF<sub>3</sub>, -OEt, -OCHF<sub>2</sub>, -SMe, -NMe<sub>2</sub>, F, Cl, -CN, -O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O- and -C(=O)Me, and

wherein the C<sub>5-20</sub> aryl group and C<sub>5-20</sub> aryl-C<sub>1-7</sub> alkyl groups of R are optionally substituted by C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl

49. (new) A compound of formula (I):



or a salt, solvate and chemically protected form thereof, wherein:

R<sup>2</sup> is methyl;

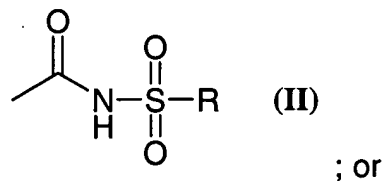
Y is -CH<sub>2</sub>-X- and X is O or S;

R<sup>3</sup> is an optionally substituted C<sub>6</sub> aryl group linked to a further optionally substituted C<sub>6</sub> aryl group wherein one of the said C<sub>6</sub> aryl groups is derived from benzene and the other from pyridine or 1,3-pyrimidine;

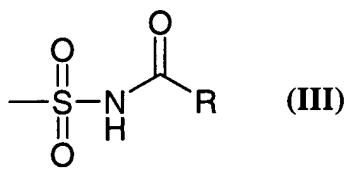
A is a single bond or a C<sub>1-3</sub> alkylene group; and

R<sup>5</sup> is either:

(i) a group of formula (II):



(ii) a group of formula (III):

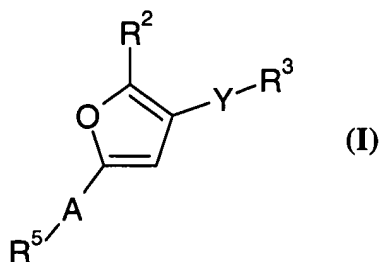


wherein R is optionally substituted C<sub>5-20</sub> aryl group, and an optionally substituted C<sub>5-20</sub> aryl-C<sub>1-7</sub> alkyl group

Wherein the substitution on the C<sub>6</sub> aryls of R<sup>3</sup> is selected from the group consisting of -CH<sub>3</sub>, -CF<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>OH, -OMe, -OCF<sub>3</sub>, -OEt, -OCHF<sub>2</sub>, -SMe, -NMe<sub>2</sub>, F, Cl, -CN, -O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O- and -C(=O)Me, and

wherein the C<sub>5-20</sub> aryl group and C<sub>5-20</sub> aryl-C<sub>1-7</sub> alkyl groups of R are optionally substituted by C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl.

50. (new) A compound of formula (I):



or a salt, solvate and chemically protected form thereof, wherein:

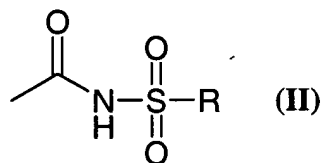
$R^2$  methyl;

Y is  $-\text{CH}_2-\text{O}-$ ;

$R^3$  is an optionally substituted  $\text{C}_6$  aryl group linked to a substituted  $\text{C}_6$  aryl group wherein one of the said  $\text{C}_6$  aryl groups is derived from benzene and the other from pyridine and wherein only the ring not bound to Y is substituted;

A is a single bond or a  $\text{C}_{1-3}$  alkylene group; and

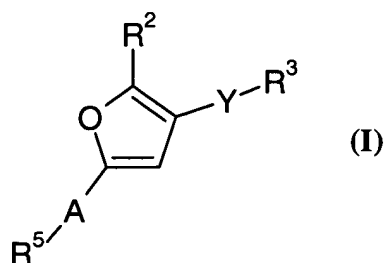
$R^5$  is a group of formula (II):



Wherein the substitution on the  $\text{C}_6$  aryls of  $R^3$  is selected from the group consisting of  $-\text{CH}_3$ ,  $-\text{CF}_3$ ,  $-\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$ ,  $-\text{OMe}$ ,  $-\text{OCF}_3$ ,  $-\text{OEt}$ ,  $-\text{OCHF}_2$ ,  $-\text{SMe}$ ,  $-\text{NMe}_2$ , F, Cl,  $-\text{CN}$ ,  $-\text{O}-\text{CH}_2-\text{O}-$  and  $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{Me}$ , and

wherein the  $\text{C}_{5-20}$  aryl group and  $\text{C}_{5-20}$  aryl- $\text{C}_{1-7}$  alkyl groups of R are optionally substituted by  $\text{C}_{1-4}$  alkyl

51. (new) A compound of formula (I):



or a salt, solvate and chemically protected form thereof, wherein:

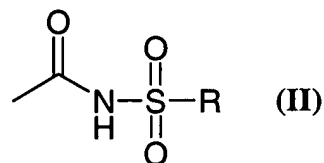
$R^2$  methyl;

Y is  $-\text{CH}_2\text{-X-}$  where X is O or S;

$R^3$  is an optionally substituted  $\text{C}_6$  aryl group linked to a further optionally substituted  $\text{C}_6$  aryl group wherein one of the said  $\text{C}_6$  aryl groups is derived from benzene and the other from pyridine the pyridine derived group being furthest from the furan core and wherein only the ring not bound to Y is substituted;

A is a single bond; and

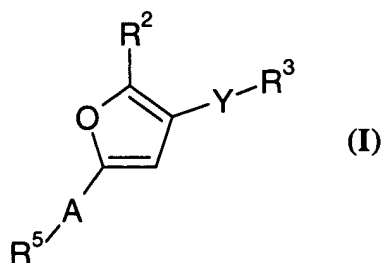
$R^5$  is a group of formula (II):



Wherein the substitution on the substituted  $\text{C}_6$  aryl of  $R^3$  is selected from the group consisting of  $-\text{CH}_3$ ,  $-\text{CF}_3$ ,  $-\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$ ,  $-\text{OMe}$ ,  $-\text{OCF}_3$ ,  $-\text{OEt}$ ,  $-\text{OCHF}_2$ ,  $-\text{SMe}$ ,  $-\text{NMe}_2$ , F, Cl,  $-\text{CN}$ ,  $-\text{O-CH}_2\text{-O-}$  and  $-\text{C(=O)Me}$ , and

wherein the  $\text{C}_{5-20}$  aryl group and  $\text{C}_{5-20}$  aryl- $\text{C}_{1-7}$  alkyl groups of R are optionally substituted by  $\text{C}_{1-4}$  alkyl.

52. (new) A compound of formula (I):



or a salt, solvate and chemically protected form thereof, wherein:

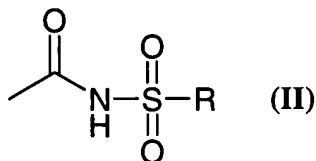
R<sup>2</sup> methyl;

Y is -CH<sub>2</sub>-O- ;

R<sup>3</sup> is an optionally substituted C<sub>6</sub> aryl group linked to a further optionally substituted C<sub>6</sub> aryl group wherein one of the said C<sub>6</sub> aryl groups is derived from benzene and the other from pyridine and wherein only the ring not bound to Y is substituted;

A is a single bond; and

R<sup>5</sup> is a group of formula (II):



Wherein the substitution on the substituted C<sub>6</sub> aryl of R<sup>3</sup> is selected from the group consisting of -CH<sub>3</sub>, -CF<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>OH, -OMe, -OCF<sub>3</sub>, -OEt, -OCHF<sub>2</sub>, -SMe, -NMe<sub>2</sub>, F, Cl, -CN, -O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O- and -C(=O)Me, and

wherein the C<sub>5-20</sub> aryl group and C<sub>5-20</sub> aryl-C<sub>1-7</sub> alkyl groups of R are optionally substituted by C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl.